

Goals

- Determine the underlying cause

Continuously monitor cardiac rhythm and obtain a 12-lead ECG

Obtain BGL

Treat the underlying cause (if determined) as per the appropriate Clinical Practice Guideline

Tips

- Underlying causes can include:
 - Arrhythmia
 - Stroke
 - Intoxication
 - Toxins
 - Hypoglycemia
 - Vagal stimulation
 - Pulmonary embolism
- Attempt to differentiate between vertigo (room spinning) and pre-syncope
- Syncope is a high risk event